Topic: LLC Termination Statement/NCCUSL Question

Question by: Sarah Steinbeck/Dan Kleinberger

Jurisdiction: Colorado/NCCUSL

Date: 16 August 2010

Jurisdiction	Question(s)	
	NCCUSL has a meeting scheduled in late September to continue its work on the harmonization of business entity acts. A question has come up regarding the winding up provisions and whether the current language, which states that the statement of termination may include "any other information the limited liability company determines," is overly broad. (See below.) Are you comfortable with the "any other information" language, or would a limitation, such as "any other information related to the termination" be preferable?	Current requirements
Manitoba		
Corporations		
Canada		
Alabama		
Alaska		
Arizona		
Arkansas		
California		
Colorado		§ 7-80-802. Statement of dissolution (1) Upon dissolution, the limited liability company shall deliver to the secretary of state, for filing pursuant to part 3 of article 90 of this title, a statement of dissolution stating: (a) The domestic entity name of the limited liability company;

		and
		(b) The principal office address of the limited liability company's
		principal office.
		(c) and (d) (Deleted by amendment, L. 2004, p. 1463, § 193,
		effective July 1, 2004.)
		(2) A limited liability company is dissolved as provided in section 7-80-801.
		(3) For purposes of sections <u>7-80-405</u> and <u>7-80-803.5</u> , a person
		who is not a manager or member has notice of the dissolution of
		a limited liability company on the earlier of:
		(a) The ninetieth day after the limited liability company's
		statement of dissolution is on file with the secretary of state; or
		(b) The date on which such person first has actual knowledge of
		the dissolution.
		History. L. 2003: Entire part R&RE, p. 2269, § 192, effective
		July 1, 2004. L. 2004: (1) amended, p. 1463, § 193, effective
		July 1. L. 2006: (2) amended and (3) added, p. 863, § 34,
		effective July 1.
Connecticut		
Delaware		
District of	We certainly need to be careful of "any other information"	In the District of Columbia we require for all domestic LLCs to
Columbia	language in any parts of the corporate statute.	file articles of dissolution – so, changing "may" to "shall" should
		be required by NCCUSL – if we are to form LLC we need to be
	The minimum requirement should be to provide information	able to dissolve them as well.
	related to dissolution. We do just that by requiring domestic	
	LLCs to disclose the names and addresses of all	
	managers/members, statement of debts and liabilities and	
	distribution of property and assets.	
	We do not allow for LLCs to have any other information	
	other than that we specify. Since LLC Act of 1994 we have	
	not had any problem with our dissolution provision.	
Florida	In Florida we would like the language to say something like,	
	"any other information consistent with sections (list	
	appropriate dissolution section #s here)". This would allow	
	language to be added but not outside of the dissolution	
i e		
	subject matternot a platform for unrelated or	
	unnecessary verbiage). We could work with either version	
Georgia	unnecessary verbiage). We could work with either version	

Hawaii		
Idaho		
Illinois		
Indiana		INDIANA – since 1993 – see below. IC 23-18-9-7 Articles of dissolution; filing Sec. 7. At any time after a limited liability company dissolves, the limited liability company may deliver to the secretary of state for filing articles of dissolution setting forth the following: (1) The name of the limited liability company. (2) The date of filing of the articles of organization. (3) The address of the principal office of the limited liability company. (4) The date dissolution occurred. (5) Other information the members or managers filing the articles determine. As added by P.L.8-1993, SEC.301.
lowa		
Kansas		
Kentucky		
Louisiana	It seems to unnecessarily complicate the filing office's review of these documents and online filing.	Louisiana statue states the same as Missouri, Any other information which the members or managers filing the certificate determine. Most of our filer's do not include any other provisions either.
Maine		
Maryland		
Massachusetts		
Michigan		
Minnesota		
Mississippi		
Missouri	It seems to unnecessarily complicate the filing office's review of these documents and online filing.	Missouri statute is similar to NY, except that our statute states "any other matters which the members shall determine."
Montana		35-8-903. Winding up. (1) Except as otherwise provided in the articles of organization or the operating agreement, the business or affairs of the limited liability company may be wound up: (a) by the members or managers who have authority under 35-8-304 to manage the limited liability company prior to dissolution; or

(b) if one or more of the members or managers have engaged in wrongful conduct or upon other cause shown, by the district court on application of any member or any member's legal representative or assignee. (2) The persons winding up the business or affairs of the limited liability company may, in the name of and for and on behalf of the limited liability company: (a) prosecute and defend suits; (b) settle and close the business of the limited liability company: (c) dispose of and transfer the property of the limited liability company; (d) discharge the liabilities of the limited liability company; (e) distribute to the members any remaining assets of the limited liability company. For articles of termination the language is as follows: **35-8-906.** Articles of termination. (1) At any time after dissolution and winding up, a limited liability company may terminate its existence by filing with the secretary of state articles of termination stating: (a) the name of the limited liability company; (b) the reason for filing the articles of termination; (c) the effective date of the articles of termination, which must be a date certain, if they are not to be effective upon the filing; (d) the name of the agent or agents authorized to receive service of process after dissolution or termination of the limited liability company; (e) the name of the person or persons authorized to wind up the business and authorized to execute documents on behalf of the limited liability company; (f) the date of the dissolution; and (g) that the company's business has been wound up and the legal existence of the company has been terminated. (2) The existence of a limited liability company is terminated upon the filing of the articles of termination or upon a later effective date, if specified in the articles of termination. Nebraska

Nevada	As for the harmonization I do not have a problem with the	Novada requires the following pursuant to statute. Me do not
inevada	As for the harmonization, I do not have a problem with the language without the limitation.	Nevada requires the following pursuant to statute. We do not have a provision for "any other information," but would not reject
	language without the limitation.	if other information was included.
		NRS 86.531 Articles of dissolution: Required provisions.
		1. When all debts, liabilities and obligations have been paid
		and discharged or adequate provision has been made therefor
		and all of the remaining property and assets have been
		distributed to the members, articles of dissolution must be
		prepared and signed setting forth:
		(a) The name of the limited-liability company;
		(b) That all debts, obligations and liabilities have been paid
		and discharged or that adequate provision has been made
		therefor;
		(c) That all the remaining property and assets have been
		distributed among its members in accordance with their
		respective rights and interests; and
		(d) That there are no suits pending against the company in
		any court or that adequate provision has been made for the
		satisfaction of any judgment, order or decree which may be
		entered against it in any pending suit.
		2. The articles must be signed by a manager, or if there is
		no manager by a member, of the company.
		(Added to NRS by 1991, 1303; A 1995, 2113; 1999, 1616)
		NRS 86.541 Articles of dissolution: Filing; effect of
		filing.
		1. The signed articles of dissolution must be filed with the
		Secretary of State. Articles of dissolution are effective upon filing
		the articles with the Secretary of State or upon a later date
		specified in the articles, which must not be more than 90 days
		after the articles are filed.
		2. Upon the filing of the articles of dissolution or upon a later
		date specified in the articles, the existence of the company
		ceases, except for the purpose of suits, other proceedings and
		appropriate action as provided in this chapter. The manager or
		managers in office at the time of dissolution, or the survivors of
		them, are thereafter trustees for the members and creditors of
		the dissolved company and as such have authority to distribute
		any property of the company discovered after dissolution,
		convey real estate and take such other action as may be
		necessary on behalf of and in the name of the dissolved

		company. (Added to NRS by 1991, 1303; A 1995, 2113; <u>1999, 1616;</u> <u>2001, 1394, 3199; 2005, 2197</u>)
New Hampshire	I would favor tightening the language to "any other information related to the termination".	This is the language New Hampshire has for LLC cancellation. I would favor tightening the language to "any other information related to the termination".
		304-C:59 Certificate of Cancellation. – After the dissolution of the limited liability company pursuant to RSA 304-C:50, the limited liability company shall file a certificate of cancellation with the secretary of state which shall set forth: I. The name of the limited liability company; II. The reason for filing the certificate of cancellation; III. The effective date (which shall be a date certain) of the certificate of cancellation if it is not to be effective upon the filing; and IV. Any other information the members or managers filing the certificate shall deem proper.
New Jersey		
New Mexico		
New York	[I]t seems to unnecessarily complicate the filing office's review of these documents and online filing.	In NY Articles of Dissolution may include "any other information the persons filing the articles determine." Most filers do not include additional information, so this provision hasn't caused us any problems. However, unless there is some need for this provision, it seems to unnecessarily complicate the filing office's review of these documents and online filing.
North Carolina	I would suggest using the "related to the termination" language.	North Carolina has Articles of Dissolution, I am assuming this is the same thing filing in the model act. I would suggest using the "related to the termination" language. However, is there a provision to limit the length of time to terminate or is it an indefinite time frame?
North Dakota		
Ohio		
Oklahoma		
Oregon	As to my comfort level of the LLC saying anything they want, in a lot of ways, they do that anyway. I'd prefer a simpler statement, since there's no gain by filing superfluous language with us. My general principle for what	

	the statutes should say about filing is: unless it grants the	
	filer some specific benefit by filing with us, or the public is	
	informed in a necessary way, information should not be	
	deposited with the filing office.	
Pennsylvania		
Rhode Island		
South Carolina		
South Dakota		
Tennessee		
Texas	Limiting language would be preferable. As currently worded in the NCCUSL draft, it may encourage the submission of extraneous and irrelevant information.	Texas law does not include similar language in our current law, but we do not reject documents that include information beyond that required by the statute.
Utah	I don't know why it would be necessary for public documents.	Utah's current law doesn't have anything like this for the filing in our office.
Vermont		
Virginia		In Virginia, LLC articles of cancellation (termination) are not effective until the filing is made (when we issue a certificate). We also require the instrument to include the reason for filing the "termination" instrument, plus a statement that the LLC has completed the winding up of its affairs. Our Code also allows for the inclusion of "other information that the members determine to include therein," but given the prior 2 requirements, we usually don't receive additional information.
Washington	Our office has no objection to the language.	Our LLC law was changed this year and does not include the "any other information" statement.
West Virginia		
Wisconsin		
Wyoming		

Additional	comments:
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Full text of email:

NCCUSL has a meeting scheduled in late September to continue its work on the harmonization of business entity acts. A question has come up regarding the winding up provisions and whether the current language, which states that the statement of termination may include "any other information the limited liability company determines," is overly broad. (See below.)

Are you comfortable with the "any other information" language, or would a limitation, such as "any other information related to the termination" be preferable?

Please let me know your preference and if you have any other questions or suggestions related to the harmonization effort. Thank you!

Sarah

SECTION 702. WINDING UP.

(b) In winding up its activities, a limited liability company:

(2) may:

- (F) deliver to the [Secretary of State] for filing a statement of termination stating:
 - (i) the name of the company and that the company is terminated; and
 - (ii) any other information the limited liability company determines; and

(See http://www.law.upenn.edu/bll/archives/ulc/hobe/2010am_hullca.htm for the full section language.)

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